Dr. SaltStack



or: How I Learned to Stop Worrying and Replace the Cron

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Scheduling Jobs

*under Un*x like operating systems.



What we want



What We Want

- 1. Easily schedule a job.
- 2. Easy notification of job completion.
- 3. Different notification depending on job.
- 4. Schedule remotely across many nodes.
- 5. Enable, Disable, and Move Jobs.



A few different options







echo "cc -o foo foo.c" | at 11:45 jan 31



Pros

- Available on most Linux & *BSD systems, even Windows and OS X.
- Simple syntax to schedule jobs
- Management tools: at,atq, and atrm
- Notifications via email



Cons

- One time run.
- Node specific management.



What We Want

- 1. Easily schedule a job. *
- 2. Notification of job completion. *
- 3. Different notification depending on job. **#**
- 4. Remotely across many nodes.
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cron



MAILTO: <u>user@example.com</u> 00 20 * * * /home/user/command.sh



MAILTO: <u>user@example.com</u> 00 20 * * * /home/user/command.sh MAILTO: <u>admin@example.com</u> 59 23 * * * /usr/sbin/service apache restart



Pros

- Also available on most Linux & *BSD systems, and Windows and OS X.
- Relatively simple syntax to schedule jobs
- Management tools: crontab
- Notifications



Cons

- Still node specific management.
- Having to check the man page for which column is which



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Alternatives



Manage 'at' jobs with Salt



Execution Module

'at'



Schedule 'at' job

- salt '*' at.at <timespec> <cmd> [tag=<tag>]
 [runas=<user>]
- Example:
- salt 'node1' at.at 12:05am '/sbin/reboot' tag=reboot



State Execution Module

'at'



Schedule 'at' job.

rose:

at.present:

- job: 'echo "I love saltstack" > love'
- timespec: '9:09 11/09/13'
- tag: love
- user: jam



Manage 'cron' with Salt



Similar execution and state modules for cron



salt 'node1' cron.set_job root '*' '*' '*' 1 /usr/local/weekly



date > /tmp/crontest: cron.present: - user: root - minute: 5



Still Limitations of both at and cron



Simply Use Salt



Disclaimer: Some features presented currently available in the development branch but will be in future releases of Salt.



Powerful Scheduler



Schedule Configured on Minion

schedule: job1: function: state.sls seconds: 3600 args: - httpd kwargs: test: True



More precise by mimicking Cron.

schedule: job1: function: state.sls cron: '*/5 * * * *' args: httpd kwargs: test: True



And more clear.

schedule: job1: function: state.sls when: 'Monday 8:15pm' args: - httpd kwargs: test: True



Multiple runs.

schedule:

job1:

function: state.sls

when:

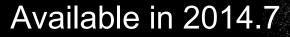
- 'Monday 8:15pm'
- 'Tuesday 3:00pm'

args:

- httpd

kwargs:

test: True



Another example

schedule: job1: function: cmd.run when: 'Monday 8:15pm' args: - 'logger -t salt < /proc/loadavg' kwargs: stateful: False shell: \bin\sh



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Notifications



Salt Returners



Examples of returners: Syslog, MySQL, PostgreSQL, Redis SMTP, XMPP, HipChat, Slack, Nagios

* 2014.7 release
* 2015.2 release
* Development branch



Scheduler + Returners



Notifications

schedule: job1: function: status.procs when: '8:15pm' returner: xmpp



Returner Configuration on Minion



XMPP Returner Configuration

xmpp.recipient: to-jid@gmail.com xmpp.jid: from-jid@gmail.com/salt xmpp.password: 12345



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Different Notifications



Alternative Returner Configuration

Available in 2015.2



XMPP Returner Configuration

alt.xmpp.recipient: different-jid@gmail.com alt.xmpp.jid: from-jid@gmail.com/salt alt.xmpp.password: 12345



Notifications

schedule: job1: function: status.procs when: '8:15pm' returner: xmpp return_config: alt



XMPP Returner Configuration

xmpp.jid: from-jid@gmail.com/salt xmpp.password: 12345 john.xmpp.recipient: john@gmail.com bob.xmpp.recipient: bob@gmail.com dba.xmpp.recipient: dba@company.com



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Remotely Across Many Nodes



Remote Execution System



Schedule Execution Module (2014.7)

salt -G 'role:webserver' schedule.add apache_restart function='apache.signal' args=" restart" seconds=3600

salt 'cache*' schedule.add varnish_purge
function=varnish.purge' when="['10:00am','10:
00pm']"



Configuration Management System



Schedule State Module (2014.7)

apache_restart: schedule.present:

- function: apache.signal
- args: restart
- seconds: 3600



Schedule Jobs

job1:

schedule.present:

- function: state.sls
- args:
 - httpd
- kwargs: test: True
- when:
 - Monday 5:00pm
 - Tuesday 3:00pm
 - Wednesday 5:00pm



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Disable, Enable and Move



Schedule Execution Module



schedule.disable_job

Available in 2014.7



salt -G 'role:webserver' schedule.disable_job apache_restart



schedule.enable_job

Available in 2014.7



salt -G 'role:webserver' schedule.enable_job apache_restart



schedule.move_job

Available in 2015.2



salt 'webserver_new' schedule.move_job apache_restart webserver_new



Other Available Functions

- schedule.copy
- schedule.delete
- schedule.disable
- schedule.enable
- schedule.list

2014.7

schedule.modify

- schedule.purge
- schedule.reload
- schedule.save
- schedule.run_job

2015.2



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So what can we schedule?



Salt has almost 300^{*} modules and roughly 3000^{*} module functions.

* not all modules and functions available on all systems.

Other Interesting Scheduler Features



Splay Available in 2014.7



schedule: job1: function: state.sls seconds: 3600 args: - httpd kwargs: test: True splay: 15



schedule: job1: function: state.sls seconds: 3600 args: httpd kwargs: test: True splay: start: 10 end: 15



Range

Available in 2014.7



schedule: job1: function: state.sls seconds: 3600 args: - httpd kwargs: test: True range: start: 8:00am end: 5:00pm



Inverted Range

Available in 2014.7



schedule: job1: function: state.sls seconds: 3600 args: - httpd kwargs: test: True range: invert: True start: 8:00am end: 5:00pm



return_job

Available in 2015.2



schedule: job1: function: state.sls seconds: 3600 args: - httpd kwargs: test: True return_job: True



metadata

Available in 2015.2



schedule: job1: function: state.sls seconds: 3600 args: - httpd kwargs: test: True return_job: True metadata: foo: bar



until

Available in develop



schedule: job1: function: state.sls seconds: 3600 args: - httpd kwargs: test: True until: '12/31/2015 11:59pm'



Other reasons to use Salt?



Typical crontab # Job 1 00 20 * * * /home/user/command.sh # Job 2 00 30 * * * /home/user/command2.sh



A better way



Combine the commands



Job 1 00 20 * * * /home/user/command.sh && /home/user/command2.sh



Third Script, running both commands



Job 1 & Job 2 00 20 * * * /home/user/command3.sh



Run commands from a Salt State



Dependencies and Requisites

require watch prereq use onchanges onfail

require in watch in prereq in use in onchanges in onfail in

schedule

schedule: run_jobs: function: state.sls when: '8:00 pm' args:

- run_jobs.sls

state file

job1:

cmd.run:

-args: /home/user/command1.sh job2:

cmd.run:

- args: /home/user/command2.sh
- require:
 - cmd: job1

Scheduling Jobs with Salt Stack





Any questions?

